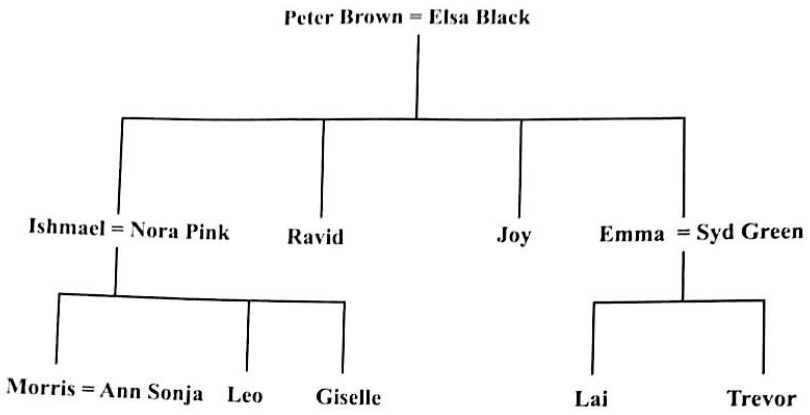
Items 1–2 refer to the following family tree.



KEY
= means married

1. What relation is Morris Brown to Lai Green?

   (A) Uncle
   (B) Cousin
   (C) Brother
   (D) Nephew

2. What relation is Trevor Green to Peter Brown?

   (A) Son
   (B) Grandson
   (C) Granduncle
   (D) Grandfather

3. Lloyd invited his mother to live with him, his wife and two sons. The new family structure would be termed

(A) joint
(B) nuclear
(C) blended
(D) extended

4. The MAIN reason why more husbands are now performing household chores is that they

(A) get more time off from work than their wives
(B) prefer to remain at home and assist their wives
(C) enjoy using the labour saving devices in the home
(D) are responding to the changing roles of family members

5. Which of the following are agents of the socialization process?

(A) Banks
(B) Employers
(C) Peer groups
(D) Government agencies

Item 6 is based on the following statement.

Unemployment and hard economic conditions have forced both parents in some Caribbean families to migrate, leaving an elder son or daughter to care for younger brothers and sisters.

6. Which of the following problems is LEAST likely to affect the younger brothers and sisters?

(A) Low achievement at school
(B) Breakdown in discipline in the home
(C) Lack of adult role models in the home
(D) Lack of opportunity for peer group interaction

7. Which of the following would MOST likely result from women working outside the home?

I. Decline in social values
II. Improved standard of living
III. Higher self-esteem of women

(A) I and II only
(B) I and III only
(C) II and III only
(D) I, II and III

8. Which of the following changes in the family is MOST likely to result in conflict?

(A) Changes in the traditional roles of parents
(B) Children being included in family discussions
(C) Desire of parents to provide for family needs
(D) Children being given responsibilities in the home

9. Which of the following types of households in the Caribbean is MOST closely associated with ancestors who came from India?

(A) Sibling
(B) Nuclear
(C) Extended
(D) Single parent

10. Some adolescents challenge the views and attitudes of adults. Such a situation is brought about by

(A) peer pressure
(B) sibling rivalry
(C) parental pressure
(D) generational conflict

11. Which of the following BEST characterizes a primary group?

(A) Large in size
(B) A common name or title
(C) Face-to-face interaction
(D) Shared beliefs and norms

12. Which of the following characteristics MUST a group possess for it to be considered a formal group?

I. Code of conduct
II. Specific objectives
III. Membership requirements

(A) I and II only
(B) I and III only
(C) II and III only
(D) I, II and III

Item 13 refers to the following scenario.

The citizens of Gordon Village are not satisfied with plans to locate a cemetery on land adjacent to the main river in their community. They formed a group to make representation to the parish council.

13. The group they formed may BEST be classified as

(A) peer
(B) formal
(C) interest
(D) primary

14. Members of a formal group are more easily identified than those of an informal group because

(A) formal groups have few written rules
(B) members display similar behaviour
(C) members are likely to wear uniforms
(D) formal groups serve their communities

15. A school is a formal group because members

(A) live in the same community
(B) are selected by other members
(C) participate in community activities
(D) peform the same routine each day

Items **16–17** refer to the four gatherings of people described below.

I. Boys playing football in a community park
II. Students in uniform at a science fair
III. People shopping in the marketplace
IV. Party members at a political meeting

16. Into which of the following types of groups would example IV be classified?

(A) Peer
(B) Primary
(C) Voluntary
(D) Secondary

17. Which of the gatherings could MOST likely be classified as a peer group?

(A) I and II only
(B) I and III only
(C) II and III only
(D) I, II and III

18. Samuel broke one of the school rules and the teacher gave him 250 lines to write. The action of the teacher is an example of a

(A) right
(B) norm
(C) ritual
(D) sanction

19. Adolescents are MOST likely to influence each other in a positive way when they

(A) force each other to accept the same values
(B) encourage each other to always challenge the views of adults
(C) become involved in guidance and counselling activities
(D) advise each other on how to carry out antisocial activities

20. The plan proposed by political parties for managing a country is published in a document called a

(A) pamphlet
(B) manifesto
(C) magazine
(D) constitution

21. The MAIN function of a prosecutor in the judicial system is to

(A) issue a summons to a witness
(B) provide counsel for the defendant
(C) present arguments against the defendant
(D) determine the verdict at the end of a trial

22. The constitutions of Commonwealth Caribbean countries guarantee citizens freedom of conscience, expression, assembly and movement. These freedoms are usually referred to as

(A) civic duties
(B) human rights
(C) responsibilities
(D) statutory deductions

23. One of the MAIN duties of the Speaker of the House of Representatives is to

(A) regulate House debates
(B) represent the president
(C) make important speeches
(D) support governmental policy

24. Which of the following are non-tax sources of revenue for governments?

(A) Salaries
(B) Customs duties
(C) Export earnings
(D) Grants from donor agencies

25. Which of the following are items of expenditure for a government?

(A) Pensions
(B) Excise duties
(C) Customs duties
(D) Value added taxes

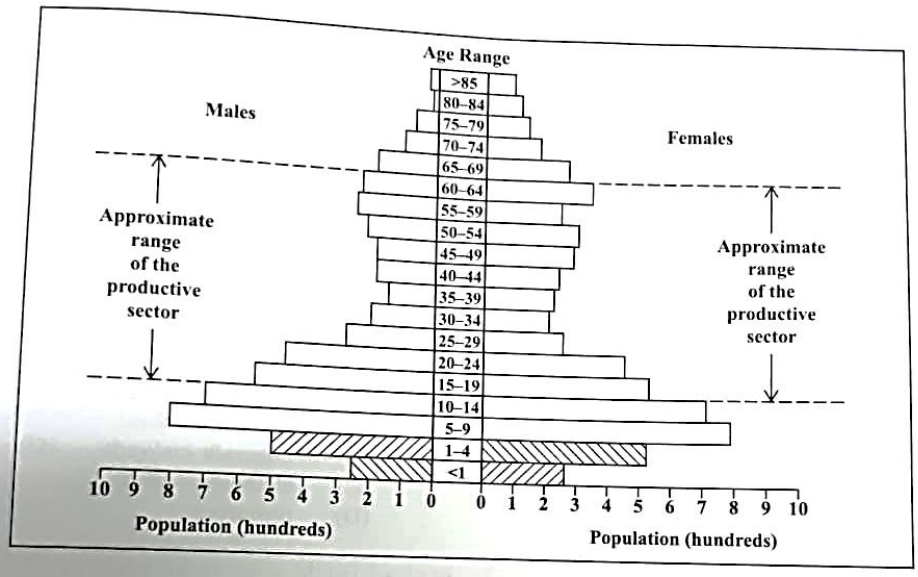
26. Which of the following are NOT included in the written constitution of a country?

(A) Methods of taxation
(B) Responsibilities of citizens
(C) Powers and functions of officers of the state
(D) Powers and responsibilities of parliament

27. Caribbean governments have improved the rights of children born out of wedlock by

(A) building more foster homes for abandoned children
(B) providing incentives for their parents to get married
(C) passing laws to allow them to qualify for inheritance
(D) passing laws to control sexual relations outside of marriage

Items 28–29 refer to the following population diagram of Country P.



28. Which of the following is the MOST likely reason for the decrease in the population in the 25–49 age group?

(A) War
(B) Emigration
(C) Birth control
(D) Immigration

29. The number of males too young to be included in the productive sector is approximately

(A) 850
(B) 1500
(C) 2250
(D) 8000

Item 30 refers to the following table which shows the population figures of four countries.

Country	Area (km^2)	Population (1995)
I	100	150 000
II	750	70 000
III	300	100 000
IV	25 000	150 000

30. Which country has the LOWEST population density?

(A) I
(B) II
(C) III
(D) IV

31. The sugar industry in a Caribbean country employs a large number of workers during the months of February to May. This type of employment is best referred to as

(A) normal
(B) Part-time
(C) seasonal
(D) permanent

32. A country's population increase is calculated by finding the

(A) net migration
(B) specific fertility rate
(C) difference between the birth rate and death rate
(D) sum of the natural increase and net migration

33. Which of the following BEST explains why birth rates have been falling in some Caribbean countries?

(A) Fewer babies are dying in the first year of life.
(B) Family planning is now encouraged in several countries.
(C) The quality of medical care has declined in some countries.
(D) Larger numbers of persons are migrating from some countries.

34. Fish, bauxite and sand are BEST classified as

(A) products
(B) minerals
(C) elements
(D) resources

35. A lack of sufficient resources to support the demands of a nation's population is known as

(A) depopulation
(B) overpopulation
(C) underpopulation
(D) population growth

36. The concepts of 'push' and 'pull' are associated with

(A) the migration of people
(B) unemployment patterns
(C) pollution of the environment
(D) the development of resources

37. Which of the following changes is LEAST likely to lead to the development of the human resources of a country?

(A) Improvment in health services
(B) Increase in the cost of living
(C) Increase in the minimum wages
(D) Improvement in educational opportunities

38. Most Caribbean countries remain producers of primary products MAINLY because

(A) they are agriculturally based
(B) they possess few mineral resources
(C) their labour forces are largely unskilled
(D) they lack the means to process their resources

39. Which of the following is MOST likely to result from rising levels of unemployment in a country?

(A) Higher birth rate
(B) Increased emigration
(C) Increased sporting activities
(D) Increase in workers' salaries

40. Healthy individuals are beneficial to a country's development because they are MORE likely to be

(A) less critical
(B) satisfied and contented
(C) self-sufficient and self-reliant
(D) productive and effective workers

41. Which of the following is based on exploiting nonrenewable natural resources?

(A) Fishing
(B) Lumbering
(C) Bauxite mining
(D) Hydroelectric power

42. Which of the following Caribbean countries has the LOWEST level of forest resources?

(A) Belize
(B) Guyana
(C) Barbados
(D) Dominica

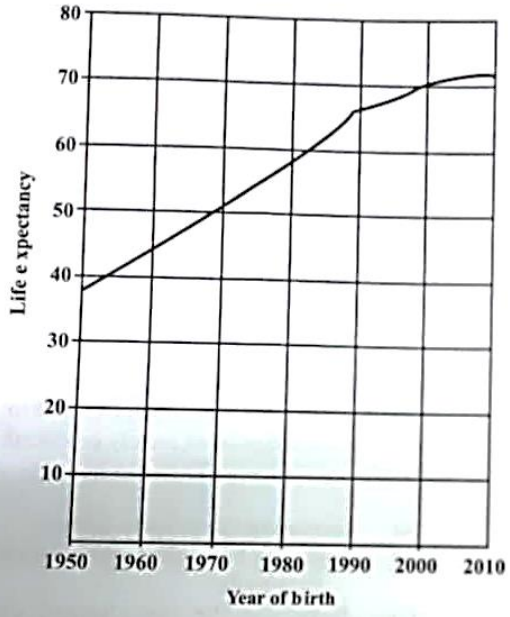
43. Which of the following would play an important part in a government's effort to increase consumption of locally produced food?

(A) Increasing subsidies to farmers
(B) Imposing heavy import duties on farm tools
(C) Imposing the tax charged on agricultural products
(D) Cutting down forest trees to make land available to farmers

44. The statistical data provided by a population census help the government of a country to

(A) determine its political base
(B) secure its maritime borders
(C) simplify its immigration policy
(D) plan its developmental programmes

Item 45 refers to the following graph which shows the life expectancy of females in Country A from 1950 to 2010.



45. Which of the following conclusions can be drawn from the graph?

(A) Life expectancy declined after 2000.
(B) Between 1980 and 2010, women lived longer than men.
(C) Before 1980, women were unlikely to live past the age of 50.
(D) Women born in 1990 were more likely to live past 60 than those born in 1970.

46. Which of the following methods of fishing is MOST damaging to the ecosystem?

(A) Using dynamite
(B) Setting of fish pots
(C) Trawling the seas and oceans
(D) The dropping of seines and nets

47. Renewable resources may provide energy in the Caribbean for years to come. One example of a renewable physical resource is

(A) coal
(B) solar
(C) petroleum
(D) natural gas

Items 48–49 refer to the following table which shows the population distribution in Country X by age.

POPULATION DISTRIBUTION IN COUNTRY X BY AGE

Age	Population
60 and over	3 000
50–59	5 000
40–49	10 000
30–39	12 000
20–29	49 000
10–19	20 000
0–9	40 000
Total	136 000

48. According to the table above, Country X has

(A) a young population
(B) an ageing population
(C) a declining population
(D) a slow population growth rate

49. The age range which makes up the largest group in Country X is

(A) 0–19
(B) 20–39
(C) 40–59
(D) 60 and over

50. Which of the following practices is more likely to cause soil erosion?

(A) Terracing
(B) Crop rotation
(C) Slash and burn
(D) Planting windbreaks

51. Between 1958 and 1962, Caribbean governments made an attempt to unify the region politically by

(A) forming a federation
(B) seeking independence
(C) establishing CARIFTA
(D) organizing CARICOM

Item 52 refers to the following statement.

Individual countries in the region are too small to benefit from economies of scale.

52. Implied in this statement is the need for individual countries to

(A) return to colonialism
(B) create barriers to regional trade
(C) create a single regional market
(D) promote only locally made products

53. Which of the following is the MOST important aim of the trading arrangements within CARICOM?

(A) To promote economic development in the region
(B) To increase the markets and revenue of larger territories
(C) To increase travel and contact among people of the region
(D) To ensure that goods from outside the region become cheaper

54. Which of the following organs of CARICOM is responsible for overseeing the operations of the CSME?

(A) Standing Committee of Ministers
(B) Heads of Government Conference
(C) Council of Trade and Economic Development
(D) Council for Foreign and Community Relations

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55. Which of the following organizations is MOST likely to be the first to respond in the event of a disaster in the region?

(A) UWI
(B) CDB
(C) CARDI
(D) CDEMA

56. Which of the following is NOT likely to result from globalization?

(A) Increase in the flow of information
(B) Establishment of trade links around the world
(C) Creation of jobs as a result of foreign investment
(D) Use of low levels of technology in the production of goods

57. Which of the following actions may hinder integration in CARICOM?

(A) Restrictions on intra-regional trade
(B) Removal of export duties and tariffs
(C) The establishment of a common currency
(D) More funding from the Caribbean Development Bank

58. Which of the following is MOST likely to lead to industrial incentive in the Caribbean?

(A) Trading in Bitcoin
(B) Incentives for manufacturers
(C) Imposition of regional customs duty
(D) Importing cheaper extra-regional goods

Item **59** refers to the following statement.

CARICOM countries need to pool their skilled human resources.

59. The MOST likely result of such action would be

(A) a speeding up of the rate of 'brain drain'
(B) a reduction in the need for foreign experts
(C) a reduction in workers' wages and salaries
(D) an increase in the spending of foreign exchange

60. Which of the following is a function of the Caribbean Development Bank?

(A) Regulating foreign exchange rates in CARICOM countries
(B) Providing loans to individuals in the Caribbean for constructing homes
(C) Serving as a central bank for commercial banks in the CARICOM region
(D) Organizing and supervising loans to member states for developmental work

END OF TEST

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, CHECK YOUR WORK ON THIS TEST.